## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as shown directly below. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of performing an injection operation comprising the steps of:

introducing a water-soluble relative permeability modifier comprising a hydrophobically modified water-soluble polymer into a subterranean formation, wherein the hydrophobically modified water-soluble polymer is capable of reducing permeability of the subterranean formation to an aqueous-based fluid; and

injecting an aqueous injection fluid into the subterranean formation after introducing the water-soluble relative permeability modifier.

- 2. **(Original)** The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrophobically modified water-soluble polymer has a molecular weight in the range of from about 100,000 to about 10,000,000.
- 3. **(Original)** The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrophobically modified water-soluble polymer comprises a polymer backbone comprising polar heteroatoms.
- 4. **(Original)** The method of claim 3 wherein the polar heteroatoms present within the polymer backbone of the hydrophobically modified water-soluble polymer comprise oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur, or phosphorous.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrophobically modified water-soluble polymer is a reaction product of a hydrophilic polymer and a hydrophobic compound.
  - 6. (Cancelled)
  - 7. (Cancelled)
  - 8. (Cancelled)
  - 9. (Cancelled)
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein the hydrophilic polymer comprises a polymer backbone comprising polar heteroatoms.
- 11. **(Original)** The method of claim 10 wherein the hydrophilic polymer comprises a cellulose, a chitosan, a polyamide, a polyetheramine, a polyethyleneimine, a polyhydroxyetheramine, a polylysine, a polysulfone, or a starch.

- 12. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein the hydrophobic compound comprises an alkyl halide, a sulfonate, a sulfate, or an organic acid derivative.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the organic acid derivative comprises an octenyl succinic acid; a dodecenyl succinic acid; or an anhydride, ester, or amide of octenyl succinic acid or dodecenyl succinic acid.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein the hydrophobic compound has an alkyl chain length of from about 4 to about 22 carbons.
  - 15. (Cancelled)
  - 16. (Cancelled)
  - 17. (Cancelled)
  - 18. (Cancelled)
  - 19. (Cancelled)
  - 20. (Cancelled)
- 21. **(Original)** The method of claim 1 wherein the hydrophobically modified water-soluble polymer is prepared from a polymerization reaction of at least one hydrophobically modified hydrophilic monomer.
  - 22. (Cancelled)
  - 23. (Cancelled)
- 24. **(Original)** The method of claim 21 wherein the mole ratio of the hydrophilic monomer to the hydrophobically modified hydrophilic monomer in the hydrophobically modified water-soluble polymer is in the range of from about 99.98:0.02 to about 90:10.
- 25. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the water-soluble relative permeability modifier is introduced into the subterranean formation by injecting a permeability-modifying injection fluid comprising an aqueous injection fluid and the water-soluble relative permeability modifier into the subterranean formation.
- 26. (Original) The method of claim 25 wherein the water-soluble relative permeability modifier is present in the permeability-modifying injection fluid in an amount in the range of from about 0.02% to about 10% by weight of the permeability-modifying injection fluid.
- 27. (Original) The method of claim 25 wherein the permeability-modifying injection fluid was formed by metering the water-soluble relative permeability modifier into an existing

injection stream comprising the aqueous injection fluid to form the permeability-modifying injection fluid.

- 28. **(Original)** The method of claim 1 wherein the water-soluble relative permeability modifier is introduced into the subterranean formation by injecting a treatment fluid comprising the water-soluble relative permeability modifier into the subterranean formation.
- 29. (Original) The method of claim 28 wherein the water-soluble relative permeability modifier is present in the treatment fluid in an amount in the range of from about 0.02% to about 10% by weight of the treatment fluid.

30.-98. (Cancelled)